Chem 28.1

Goals: define and compare oxidation and reduction, assign oxidation numbers

Plan:

Redox and Oxidation Numbers

Bellwork:

- 1) What are the negative particles of atoms?
- 2) How do we determine the number of electrons in an element?
- 3) How many electrons in the following?
 - a. Neon
 - b. Fe²⁺
 - c. Cl¹⁻

Notes: Redox and Oxidation Numbers

LEO the lion says GER

Oxidation ______ electrons, becomes more ______

Reduction	electrons, becomes more
-----------	-------------------------

Oxidation numbers

Definition:

Oxidation number rules

- 1) If an element is not part of a compound or is diatomic with itself...
- 2) Element written as an ion:
- 3) Oxygen in a compound:

Exceptions:

- 4) Hydrogen in a compound:
- 5) Group 1 and 2 elements in compounds:
- 6) Polyatomics:

Example: Sulfate: SO₄²⁻

7) Use above rules to determine the oxidation numbers of any other elements not listed above.

Examples: Find the oxidation numbers of every element in the substances described below:

- 1) Sulfur Dioxide
- 2) Disulfur trioxide
- 3) Calcium metal

4) Calcium Sulfate

HW: oxidation numbers problems

Chem 28.2

Goals: review oxidation numbers, determine in a reaction what element is oxidized and which is reduced

Plan:

Kahoot: oxidation numbers

Mini-lecture: changing oxidation numbers in a reaction

Practice: assigning oxidation numbers and determining the change

Chem 28.3

Goals: review redox problems, identifying when something is being oxidized or reduced.

Plan: Redox jeopardy